

LOGAN STATUE UNVEILED.

The Nation's Tribute to the Ideal Volunteer Soldier and Statesman Dedicated.

HEROIC STATUE IN ENDURING BRONZE.

The Unveiling Exercises Participated in by the Cabinet, Notable Soldiers, Statesmen and Citizens and Relatives of the Deceased General.

Washington, April 10.—The heroic bronze equestrian statue of Gen. John A. Logan, which rests on an imposing bronze pedestal in Iowa circle, was unveiled, yesterday, in the presence of the president, the cabinet, the widow and relatives of the gallant soldier, many of his comrades in arms and a vast multitude of people.

Master George Tucker, a grandson of the honored warrior, pulled the unveiling cord at 2:45 o'clock. The folds of the large American flag fell away and the dashing figure of "Black Jack" Logan, seated on his charger, stood revealed amid a roar of cheering that echoed far down the intersecting streets and avenues.

The president and members of the cabinet had been escorted to the statue by a military parade under command of Col. Francis L. Guenther, of the Fourth United States artillery. The procession included detachments from the artillery and infantry arms of the regular army; a battalion of marines and a company of seamen from the navy yard; a provisional regiment of the District of Columbia militia; members of the societies of the Army of the Tennessee and of the Cumberland, and members of the local veterans associations.

Mrs. John A. Logan and other relatives sat upon a platform at the base of the monument. Mrs. Logan has been ill with the grip recently, but was able to be present. She was escorted by Col. Maxwell Woodhull, who was Gen. Logan's adjutant general during the civil war. With her were also Thomas M. Logan, of Morrisburg, Ill., a brother of Gen. Logan; Miss M. E. Logan, a niece; S. K. Cunningham, Mrs. Logan's brother; Logan Tucker, of Chicago, a grandson; and Mrs. Tucker, Mr. and Mrs. Richard S. Tuttle, of Chicago; Mrs. George M. Pullman, of Chicago; Gen. F. A. Starring, of New York; Gen. and Mrs. Blackmar, of Boston, and the personal servant of Maj. John A. Logan, Jr., who was with the latter when he was killed in the Philippines.

The president and his cabinet and other distinguished guests occupied a flag-draped stand opposite the platform, while in another stand extending around the monument were other guests, including many of Gen. Logan's old comrades; representatives of John A. Logan Post, G. A. R., of St. Louis; the Logan Club, of Brooklyn, and the Logan club of Philadelphia.

Gen. Granville M. Dodge, president of the Army of the Tennessee, who is the only living general represented in the group on the bronze pedestal showing Gen. Logan in council of war with his commanding officers, presided over the ceremonies. He paid a high personal tribute to the chief and, after the invocation had been offered by Rev. Frank Bristol, introduced the sculptor, Mr. Simmons, to the assemblage.

The statue was then unveiled amid great applause, and the Fourth artillery band rendered "Columbia, Gem of the Ocean."

At the moment of the unveiling a section of the Fourth artillery fired a national salute on the White House, south of the executive mansion.

President McKinley received an ovation as he was introduced, and it was some time before he could begin his remarks. He spoke as follows:

My Fellow-Citizens: It is a good thing when patriots are honored and patriotism exalted. Monuments which express the nation's gratitude for great deeds inspire great deeds. The statue unveiled today proclaims our country's appreciation of one of her heroic sons whose name is dear to every American people. The ideal volunteer soldier of two wars, the eminent senator and commander, Gen. John A. Logan, whose career was unique, whose distinction does not rest upon his military achievements alone, but upon his services in the legislature of his own state, in the national house of representatives and in the senate of the United States would have given him an equally conspicuous place in the annals of the country. He was great in the forum and in the field.

Some names instantly suggest a sentiment. That of Logan stands for exalted patriotism. This sentiment which expresses the nation's gratitude for great deeds inspire great deeds. The statue unveiled today proclaims our country's appreciation of one of her heroic sons whose name is dear to every American people. The ideal volunteer soldier of two wars, the eminent senator and commander, Gen. John A. Logan, whose career was unique, whose distinction does not rest upon his military achievements alone, but upon his services in the legislature of his own state, in the national house of representatives and in the senate of the United States would have given him an equally conspicuous place in the annals of the country. He was great in the forum and in the field.

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Grand Army of the Republic, and to him are indebted for that beautiful service which, on the 30th of May each year brings to the graves of the soldier dead, among whom he now rests in everlasting comradeship, the offerings of an affectionate people and the undying gratitude of a nation.

As a popular orator his voice has been heard in every state and territory of the Union, always for his country and for the flag he loved so dearly.

The highest eulogy ever paid him was by his father. The latter in his will divided his property between his widow and children equally, except—and I quote from the will—"John Alexander, whose marked abilities are such that he can provide for himself and aid his mother if necessary." This provision in his will was a tribute to his son's wisdom and his confidence in his future success.

What a remarkable tribute from father to son. That expression of confidence was enough to quicken the young man's nobility and to lead him out to the best that was in him. And how worthily he fulfilled that commendation from his father's love and faith were better than any inheritance of lands and tenements, stocks, bonds and money. Beloved of father, wife and children, beloved of his comrades in war and in peace, and beloved of his country, his whole life reflected his father's prophecy and his will would adorn any monument to his fame.

The president several times was interrupted by applause, and there was a great outburst of cheering when he concluded.

The oration was delivered by Senator Dewey, of New York.

At the conclusion of Senator Dewey's address, Senator Cullom, of Illinois, read a letter from Gov. Yates of Illinois, expressing his regret at his inability to attend and paying tribute to the life and affection in which the memory of Logan was held in his native state.

Rev. J. G. Butler, of this city, pronounced the benediction. The assemblage then dispersed. The statue of Gen. Logan has been turned over to the people of the United States and now has become one of the greatest monuments of the national capital.

THE LOGAN STATUE.

It Represents Seven Years of Labor by Sculptor Franklin Simmons.

Washington, April 10.—The equestrian statue of Gen. Logan represents seven years of labor on the part of Franklin Simmons, the sculptor, and marks a departure in sculpture in Washington, in that it rests upon a pedestal of bronze. Congress appropriated \$50,000 for the statue and \$15,000 was contributed by the Grand Army of the Republic. The pedestal is 30 feet high. On its west face is a group representing Gen. Logan in consultation with leading officers in the army of the Tennessee. In this group are portrait bronzes of Generals Dodge, Hazen, Slocum, Leggett, Mower, Blair and Capt. Strong. On the east face of the pedestal is a group representing Gen. Logan taking the oath as United States senator, which is being administered by Vice-President Arthur. In this group are portrait bronzes of Senators Cullom, Evans, Conkling, Morton, Miller, Voorhees and Thurman. The south front of the pedestal is embellished with an allegorical figure of War, and the north with another of Peace. The equestrian statue rises above the pedestal 14½ feet. Gen. Logan is riding along a line of battle, his horse moving forward at a gentle trot, his hat on the sword drawn. The statue produces an impression of dignity, beauty and power. Humbert, late king of Italy, after a private view of the monument, knighted Mr. Simmons.

FOUND AFTER TWO YEARS.

Silver Service of the Cruiser Cincinnati, Harriedly Landed and Lost Sight of.

Washington, April 10.—The handsome silver service belonging to the cruiser Cincinnati, presented to the ship by the city of Cincinnati, which was lost for the last two years and which the navy department has used every effort to get trace of, is found. Only recently the first trace of it was secured by an officer who had been on the Cincinnati when the Spanish-American war broke out. In the rush of getting ready for the war the Cincinnati made a hurried stop at the Norfolk navy yard, where she stripped herself of all superfluous belongings. Among the articles unloaded was the silver service. In the hurry of departure no receipt was taken for it. It was stored away without knowledge of its value, as the officers of the ship were expected to look after such a possession. It has been found intact and the steps are being taken to restore it to the Cincinnati.

TO VISIT THE PHILIPPINES.

Considering the Appointment of a Board to Arrange for Establishment of a Naval Station.

Washington, April 10.—The navy department has under consideration the appointment of a board of officers to visit the Philippines and map out the extensive work in connection with the establishment of a new United States naval station, with a large dry dock at Olongapo, on Subig bay, which will take the place of the old station at Cavite. At present there are no dry dock facilities except at Hong Kong and in Japan, and the naval officials are desirous of having dock facilities on our own territory.

PRECIPITATED A CLASH.

Action Under a Recently Enacted State Law Makes Trouble at Fort Wayne, Ind.

Fort Wayne, Ind., April 10.—A clash between state and municipal authorities has been precipitated by the passage by the recent legislature of a law compelling metropolitan fire and police systems for this city. The purpose was to make these officials Republicans. When the commissioners undertook to qualify yesterday, Comptroller Berghoff refused to recognize the bonds, and the city officials refuse to recognize the authority of the commissioners. The governor was advised and suggests legal recourse. Democratic officials claim that the new law is unconstitutional and a bitter legal battle will follow.

Gen. Trenchin Hopelessly Insane.

Nashville, Ill., April 10.—Brig. Gen. John B. Trenchin, soldier, scholar and author, is hopelessly insane and is confined in the county jail in this city from which place he will be transferred to the Anna asylum to-day.

RUN DOWN AT A CROSSING.

Three Persons Killed and One Injured by a Lehigh Valley Passenger Train.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., April 15.—A party of four people, while crossing the tracks of the Lehigh Valley railroad, at south Wilkesbarre at an early hour yesterday morning were run down by the Buffalo express going north. Three of the party were killed and one injured.

Morris O'Connell and his wife were entertaining a couple, whose home is in Bradford county. During the evening they visited relatives in this city, and at 1:30 yesterday morning started to return to the home of the O'Connells, at South Wilkesbarre, a freight train was blocking it. As soon as the freight train moved out the party started to cross the tracks, but did not notice the approaching passenger train from an opposite direction.

The engineer of the express failed to see the people on the track until the locomotive ploughed into them. The two women were hurled a great distance in the air, and when picked up were dead. Both bodies were badly mangled. Mr. O'Connell had both legs and one arm broken. He was taken to a hospital, where he died in a short time. Mr. O'Connell had been struck with full force, and escaped with slight injuries.

BLOWER WORKS BURNED.

Patterns and Plans and Much Work Ready for Shipment Destroyed—Loss Heavy.

Boston, April 15.—The main building of the extensive blower works of the R. F. Sturtevant Co. in the Jamaica Plain district, was burned early yesterday morning, causing a loss of \$350,000, fully insured. The concern manufactured various kinds of machinery and electrical goods as well as blowers. All patterns and plans were destroyed. The company had recently added \$75,000 worth of tools and machinery, and had a large amount of electrical work ready for shipment. It also had a large number of engines and blowers for the government for use on battleships and cruisers, in the course of construction, all of which were destroyed. Superintendent Chamberlain states that the business will be carried on without much delay. Over 700 men are thrown out of employment temporarily.

A CLEVER BANK SWINDLER.

Victimizes Two Toronto Banks, and Presumably Several Others, in Large Amounts.

Toronto, Ont., April 15.—A clever bank swindler made a heavy haul in Toronto, Saturday, the total amount of which will not be known until the tellers and ledger keepers in various banks check up business to-day. A stranger, claiming to live in Halifax, opened an account in the Imperial bank Saturday morning, depositing \$50. Shortly afterward he presented a check for \$20, which was marked by the ledger keeper. Shortly before one o'clock, during the rush preceding the close, this check, raised to \$2,435, was presented to the teller and cashed. The same procedure was adopted at the Bank of Commerce where a check raised from \$20 to \$2,900 was cashed. It is believed several other banks were similarly victimized.

SUSPECTED OF MURDER.

Wife and Hired Man of William Clark Charged With Poisoning Latter.

Morris, Ill., April 15.—Mrs. William Clark and a hired man are under arrest, charged with murdering with poison the former's husband, a farmer of Liston, who died Tuesday. Four sons give the principal testimony against their mother.

Rat poison was found in the house, and an examination showed this in the farmer's stomach. The farmer had been suffering from grip, but was nearly well when the fatal illness seized him. He suffered intensely, but no physician was called until the last moment.

GOT THE DROP ON RED WEAVER.

Was Too Slow on the Trigger for Kid Holliman Whom He Had Threatened to Kill.

Silver City, N. M., April 15.—Red Weaver, a well-known border character and a reputed member of the famous "Black Jack" gang of bandits, has been killed at Alma, a little mining camp, 75 miles northwest of Silver City. Weaver had threatened to kill Kid Holliman, who had previously called him to account for certain remarks against a young woman's character. Later they met again and fired at each other simultaneously. Weaver fell dead with a bullet through his head. Holliman was exonerated.

TRIED TO WRECK A TRAIN.

But the Vigilance of the Engineer Averted Disaster by Checking Up in Time.

Nashville, Ill., April 15.—An attempt was made to wreck the westbound Louisville & Nashville Southern mail train near Opikey Sunday night. A tie had been placed across the track, but was observed by the engineer some distance away and he was enabled to stop his train in time. Only the front trucks of the engine passed over the tie.

Died of Paralysis.

St. Joseph, Mo., April 15.—John Brightman, one of the best-known business men of this city for many years, died at the state hospital for the insane here, yesterday, from paralysis.

Found in an Ice Pond.

Richmond, Ind., April 15.—The badly decomposed body of George Wygo from Ottawa, O., was found in an ice pond, near this city yesterday afternoon.

COURT WANTED AT PEKIN.

Urged to Retain and Send Troops into Manchuria—Japan's War-Like Preparations.

Pekin, April 15.—Komours Youtaro, the Japanese minister, accompanied by Gen. Yamaguchi, the Japanese commander, recently called upon Prince Ching and notified him that the return of Emperor Kwang Su to Peking was urgently desired. Prince Ching was informed that the emperor's wishes would be respected by the foreign troops and that every courtesy would be shown him. It was pointed out to the Chinese plenipotentiary that the emperor's return was of the highest possible importance as affecting the maintenance of the integrity of the Chinese empire, and that he should come accompanied by every available soldier, by at least 30,000 men if possible. These troops, it was further contended by the Japanese minister, must be sent into Manchuria, as the Russians reported great disturbance there, and it was not right that the task of quelling the trouble should be thrown upon the shoulders of one nation.

Finally, Prince Ching was assured that if the 30,000 Chinese troops could not suppress the disorders in Manchuria, other powers would send an international force to co-operate with China, which all the powers regarded as a friendly power. No reply having been received to this communication, Li Hung Chang was yesterday notified to the same effect and told that Emperor Kwang Su must give an immediate answer.

The preparations which the Japanese here are making for an early start, indicate that they expect war between Russia and Japan. Vessels arrived at Taku from Nagasaki report that the Japanese are making preparations to send a ship for the anticipated struggle.

IMPRESSED WITH AMERICA.

An Intelligent Englishman Returned Home Gives His Views of America.

London, April 15.—The Daily Mail publishes an interview with Mr. Frederick Harrison, president of the London positivist committee, regarding his recent visit to the United States.

"I was deeply impressed," said Mr. Harrison to the Daily Mail representative, "by my American trip. I found a clear intellectual atmosphere, a broad tolerance and an universal hospitality which delighted me. I was much struck with the evidence of deep thinking exhibited by students in the American universities."

I visited many cities, but nowhere did I see a sign or hear a hint of animosity toward England."

Mr. Harrison expressed the opinion that it was advisable for England to pay less attention to foreign affairs and more to her energetic commercial and industrial competitors in the United States.

TRANSPORTED FROM LISBON.

Checked Experience of an American Soldier of Fortune in South Africa.

Paris, April 15.—Among the Boer prisoners who recently arrived in Lisbon from Lourenco Marques, says a special dispatch from the Portuguese capital, was a young American, Mr. Randolph Martinson, who described himself as a son of the president of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad. He was captured by the British, but released as an American on promising not to fight again. Subsequently he was arrested by the British at Lourenco Marques at the request of British authorities under suspicion of being a Boer agent.

"Mr. Martinson, on being brought here, secured his release through the American charge d'affaires, and his father sent him money to pay his passage home. According to his representations he was aide-camp to Col. John Blake, commander of the Irish brigade."

BRITISH VITAL STATISTICS.

Figures From the Annual Report of the Registrar General of the United Kingdom.

London, April 14.—Some interesting points are found in the annual report of the registrar general of births, deaths and marriages of the United Kingdom. In 1899 the marriages reached the highest number recorded since 1876, aggregating 262,334 or 15.5 per thousand. The births numbered 928,646, equal to 20.3 per thousand. There were 37,124 illegitimate children born. The deaths numbered 581,799, equal to 18.3 per thousand, and there were 2,844 suicides.

To Make Up for Lost Time.

St. Petersburg, April 15.—The Official Messenger contains the announcement that, in consequence of the closing of the high schools owing to the student disorders, it has been decided that lectures shall be resumed forthwith and be continued, if necessary, through the summer vacation, extra examinations being held to enable the students to make up for lost time.

Queen Alexandra's Return.

London, April 15.—Queen Alexandra arrived in London last evening from Copenhagen.

Sailed from Toulon.

Toulon, April 15.—The Italian squadron commanded by the duke of Genoa, which participated in the Franco-Italian festivities here last week, sailed from Toulon yesterday morning.

Stein Recommends Surrender.

Bloemfontein, April 15.—It is reported that the health of former President Stein has broken down. It is also said that he has advised all Boers on command to surrender immediately.

SENATORIAL DISTRICTS.

The Governor, Secretary of State and Attorney General Performed What the Legislature Failed to Do.

Under section 7, article 4, of the state constitution, it is the duty of the governor, secretary of state and attorney general to reapportion the state into senatorial districts every tenth year, whenever the legislature fails or refuses to perform that duty. This commission, under the law, must act within 30 days after adjournment of the legislature. The recent general assembly failed to do this, and the commission of state officers met and performed that duty. The commission is not authorized to divide into districts where one county comprises more than one district. Consequently, St. Louis city and Jackson county are exempt from districts by state officials only. That duty will be performed by the circuit court judges.

Outside of St. Louis city and Jackson county there are 26 senatorial districts. Of the number 23 are arranged so as to have a democratic majority, according to the vote for governor in 1900. Several are rather close.

The following shows the new districts, and the vote they cast for governor in 1900:

FIRST—Counties of Atchison, Gentry, Nowata, Worth, Population, 78,225; Democratic vote, 3,577; republican, 8,846; all others, 1,156.
SECOND—Buchanan county, Population, 12,815; all others, 250.
THIRD—County of Andrew, Clayton, Clinton, Dallas, Holt, Platte, Population, 10,281; Democratic vote, 1,468; republican, 1,468; all others, 250.
FOURTH—Counties of Grundy, Harrison, Livingston, Mercer, Putnam, Population, 8,200; Democratic vote, 3,856; republican, 12,345; all others, 708.
FIFTH—County of Adams, Jackson county, Population, 16,138; Democratic vote, 2,117; republican, 2,117; all others, 984.
SIXTH—County of Chariton, Linn, Sullivan, Population, 72,611; Democratic vote, 3,246; republican, 3,246; all others, 212.
SEVENTH—Counties of Caldwell, Carroll, Daviess, Ray, Population, 82,241; Democratic vote, 11,225; republican, 10,922; all others, 473.
EIGHTH—Counties of Boone, Callaway, Montgomery, St. Charles, Warren, Population, 106,564; Democratic vote, 13,887; republican, 10,235; all others, 366.
NINTH—Counties of Adair, Macon, Shelby, Population, 70,912; Democratic vote, 9,933; republican, 7,518; all others, 473.
TENTH—Counties of Boone, Callaway, Montgomery, St. Charles, Warren, Population, 106,564; Democratic vote, 13,887; republican, 10,235; all others, 366.
ELEVENTH—Counties of Audrain, Lincoln, Pike, Population, 62,000; Democratic vote, 9,933; republican, 7,518; all others, 473.
TWELFTH—Counties of Clark, Knox, Lewis, Scotland, Schuyler, Population, 106,564; Democratic vote, 13,887; republican, 10,235; all others, 366.
THIRTEENTH—Counties of Marion, Monroe, Ralls, Randolph, Population, 82,241; Democratic vote, 11,225; republican, 10,922; all others, 473.
FOURTEENTH—Counties of Camden, Cooper, Howard, Morgan, Population, 106,564; Democratic vote, 13,887; republican, 10,235; all others, 366.
FIFTEENTH—Counties of Benton, Hickory, Pettis, Saline, Population, 82,241; Democratic vote, 11,225; republican, 10,922; all others, 473.
SIXTEENTH—Counties of Bates, Cedar, Henry, St. Clair, Population, 60,025; Democratic vote, 11,225; republican, 10,922; all others, 473.
SEVENTEENTH—Counties of Cass, Shannon, Lafayette, Population, 82,241; Democratic vote, 11,225; republican, 10,922; all others, 473.
EIGHTEENTH—Counties of Barry, Lawrence, McDonald, Newton, Population, 106,564; Democratic vote, 13,887; republican, 10,235; all others, 366.
NINETEENTH—Counties of Christian, Dallas, Douglas, Ozark, Polk, Stone, Taney, Webster, Population, 119,738; Democratic vote, 9,933; republican, 7,518; all others, 473.
TWENTIETH—Counties of Barton, Dade, Greene, Vernon, Population, 120,128; Democratic vote, 13,887; republican, 10,235; all others, 366.
TWENTY-FIRST—Counties of Bollinger, Butler, Cass, Girard, Carter, Franklin, Ripley, Wayne, Population, 112,611; Democratic vote, 12,147; republican, 12,147; all others, 366.
TWENTY-SECOND—Counties of Howell, Johnson, Shannon, Population, 82,241; Democratic vote, 11,225; republican, 10,922; all others, 473.
TWENTY-THIRD—Counties of Jefferson, Madison, Perry, St. Francois, Ste. Genevieve, Population, 82,241; Democratic vote, 11,225; republican, 10,922; all others, 473.
TWENTY-FOURTH—Counties of Cole, Lincoln, Marion, Miller, Osage, Pulaski, Population, 82,241; Democratic vote, 11,225; republican, 10,922; all others, 473.
TWENTY-FIFTH—County of Jasper, Population, 14,018; Democratic vote, 9,933; republican, 7,518; all others, 473.
TWENTY-SIXTH—Counties of Crawford, Dent, Iron, Phelps, Reynolds, Washburn, Population, 106,564; Democratic vote, 13,887; republican, 10,235; all others, 366.
TWENTY-SEVENTH—Counties of Franklin, Gasconade, St. Louis, Population, 106,564; Democratic vote, 13,887; republican, 10,235; all others, 366.
TWENTY-EIGHTH—Counties of Jefferson, Madison, Perry, St. Francois, Ste. Genevieve, Population, 82,241; Democratic vote, 11,225; republican, 10,922; all others, 473.
TWENTY-NINTH—Counties of Cole, Lincoln, Marion, Miller, Osage, Pulaski, Population, 82,241; Democratic vote, 11,225; republican, 10,922; all others, 473.
THIRTIETH—Counties of Jasper, Population, 14,018; Democratic vote, 9,933; republican, 7,518; all others, 473.
THIRTY-FIRST—Counties of Crawford, Dent, Iron, Phelps, Reynolds, Washburn, Population, 106,564; Democratic vote, 13,887; republican, 10,235; all others, 366.
THIRTY-SECOND—Thirtieth and thirty-fourth districts, all the city of St. Louis, Population, 575,226; Democratic vote, 38,412; republican, 60,957; all others, 4,588.

Suicide Followed Disappointment.

San Francisco, April 10.—A soldier who shot and killed himself at the Cliff house, Monday night, has been identified as Paul Warren, who was one of the members of Troop C, of the Roosevelt Rough Riders. Warren was a native of Quincy, Ill., a son of the late William Warren, chief justice of New Mexico. Warren served in the Philippines with the Eleventh cavalry and was honorably discharged a few days ago. His suicide followed a period of dissipation.

Reforms Urged by Yangtze Viceroy.

Shanghai, April 10.—The Yangtze viceroy and governors have forwarded a memorial to the throne, suggesting certain reforms. These reforms suggest, among other things, that the royal princes and students of good family, should travel and study in foreign countries; that the entire army be drilled by western methods; that colleges and schools be extended, and that a standard dollar currency be adopted.

FISHERIES OF CANADA.

The total number of fur seals taken by Canadian sealers during the year 1900 was 35,523.

The lobster plant alone is estimated to be worth \$1,334,180. It comprises 858 canneries, dispersed on the seaboard of the maritime provinces.

The sealing fleet last year numbered 37 vessels, an increase of 11 over the previous year, and representing an aggregate of 2,641 tons' register.

The salmon-preserving industry of British Columbia, comprising 69 canneries and representing a capital of \$1,380,000, gives employment to 18,977 hands.

No less than 79,863 men were occupied in 1900 in exploiting the waters of Canada, using 5,500,760 fathoms of nets and other fishing gear, representing a capital of \$10,000,000.

The total catch of fish in Canada for the year 1899, as reported by the fisheries department, amounted to \$21,891,706, being an increase of \$2,251,000 over the yield of the previous year.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich real brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. The price of coffee, 15c and 25c, per package. Sold by all grocers.

As She Understood It.

Boston Girl—Have you read Emerson? St. Louis Girl—No, I guess not. Those red spots on my face are just common pimples.—Colorado Weekly Times.

Spring Cleaning Made Easy.

Much of the terror of spring cleaning may be avoided by good management. Settled weather should be selected for the work, and everything necessary provided beforehand. Ivory Soap will be found best for washing pains, floors and windows; it is harmless, and effective in making the house clean and fresh. ELIZA R. PARKER.

Going to get an automobile this spring?

"No." "Why not? Can't you afford it?" "Oh, yes. But I can't afford to let my wife know I can afford it."—Town Topics.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

The world turns aside to let any man pass who knows whether he is going.

—David Starr Jordan.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.

Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

"Then, what is your reason for marrying her?" "I have no reason. I'm in love. Philadelphia Times.

Don't Neglect a Cough. Take Some Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar Instantly.

Stop! Lookin' fer trouble an' happenin' look fer you.—Irving Bacheller.

Things You May Not Know.

Wheat is mentioned 28 different times in the Bible.

Europe has had 321 monarchs since the battle of Hastings.

Only 24 doctors reach the age of 70 for every 49 clergymen.

Germany holds the record for the first daily paper. It was printed in 1524.

London is the most expensive port in the world. Ships which can discharge in three days at Liverpool or New York take 14 in London, owing to lack of facilities.

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER.

The Wife and Mother-in-Law of Mr. Charles Keys.

Clarissa, Minn., April 15 (Special).—No family in this vicinity is better known or more universally respected than Mr. Charles Keys, the local School Teacher, and his estimable wife, and mother-in-law. For a long time, Mrs. Keys has been in ill health. Recently, however, she has found a cure for her ailments in Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I can speak too highly of Dodd's Kidney Pills, or of what they have done for me," said Mrs. Keys.

"My life was miserable, my back aches, my head aches, my eyes ached, and I suffered extreme pain, but thanks to Dodd's Kidney Pills, all those aches and pains have vanished like the morning dew, and it now seems that life is worth living. I consider Dodd's Kidney Pills a God-send to suffering humanity. They may rightly be named the Elixir of Youth."